Classification 1: Making a Dichotomous Key Name \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Worksheet 1 Due Date \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_\_ Size (between 12-24” on each side)

\_\_\_\_\_\_ Title for Animal Key

\_\_\_\_\_\_ Ten Different Pictures

\_\_\_\_\_\_ Organism Name Under Each Picture

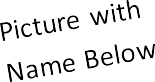
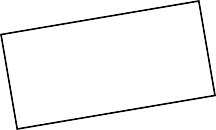
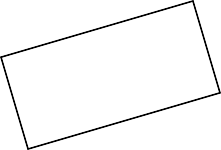
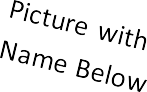
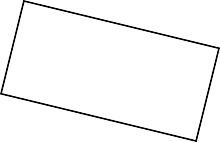
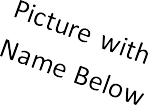
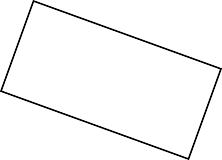
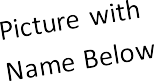
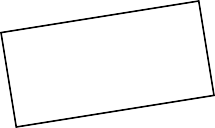
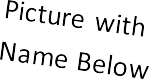
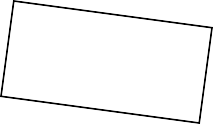
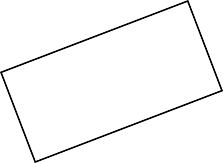
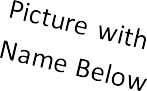
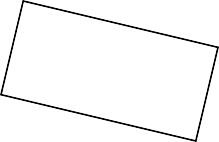
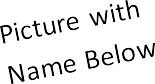
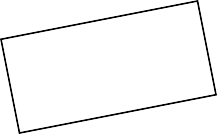
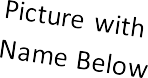
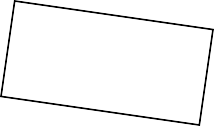
\_\_\_\_\_\_ Dichotomous Key Uses Correct Format

\_\_\_\_\_\_ Dichotomous Key Correctly Identifies All Ten Pictures

\_\_\_\_\_\_ Use “observable” characteristics in the picture

\_\_\_\_\_\_ Overall neatness and presentation

\_\_\_\_\_\_ Branching Key attached on the Back



White Head………………………….. Bald Eagle No White Head……………………… Robin

5.

Feathers………………………………Go to 5 No feathers…………………………..Elephant

4.

Shell ………………………………… Turtle No Shell…………………………….. Lizard

3.

Legs…………………………………..Go to 3 No Legs………………………………Bull Snake

2.

Scales ………………………………..Go to 2 No scales……………………………. Go to 4

1.

Dichotomous Key